STATES

Fellow-citizens: There are circumstances which call for the appeal we make to your most earnest attention. The times appear to us startling and critical. There are aspects in the pending contest for the Presidency, which are very unusual and important. We cannot, therefore, forbest freely to communicate some of our apprehensions, before we separate here, and to call upon you at once to look full in the face any dangers which may seem to im-pend over the greatest popular government on earth.

Two of the political parties in the country bave pitched a Presidential battle upon sec-tional issues, and of so fearful a character as to stir the despest passions of the American people. Though in seeming conflict, it can-not be disguised, that those parties have in such sort co-operated as to press upon the country one exciting issue after another, until. by dist of continued exasperation, they have nearly succeeded in arraying, in hostile columns, one-half of the States of the Union against the other. They appear mutually to have employed all the energies of party power to engender sectional distrust, prejudice, and crimination, and now, for the first time in the history of the government, we find a truly formidable party, fully organized, and using formidable party, fully organized, and using every effort in their power to combine the son-slaveholding against the slaveholding States of the Union, in a struggle for the Executive power of the Confederacy. In that organization are included men who are sup-posed to be conservative and national, but who are believed to be led, by excitement or misconception, into movements which, in their cooler moments, they cannot but recoil from, as they would from pestilence and famine.

Its management has been essentially con-trolled by leaders, who, under all circum-stances, have steadily kept up an active, un-ceasing, and implacable warfare upon the institutions of the slaveholding States.— Should such a party unfortunately succeed, in the present distracted state of the public mind, in electing a sectional President, supported alone by the voters of the non-slave-holding States, we have too much reason to apprehend that there might instantly spring to existence a movement of resistance, the consequences of which no human wisdom can foresee, and no lover of his country or triend of popular government anywhere could fail, in all coming time, sadly to deplore.

We do not believe they can succeed, but

we may be really "treading upon the brink of a volcano, that is liable, at any moment, to burst forth and overwhelm the nation."

But the Republican party is not alone responsible for those appalling issues, nor is its success the only danger to the stability of the Government in its present form. The Democratic party has eagerly and rashly seized upon these momentous issues, and weilded them as the thunder bolts of party warfare. They have striven to madden the South, and to concentrate Southern votes upon their candidates, as the Abolitionists have striven to madden the North and to concentrate forthern votes upon their candidates.

When their extreme measures are resisted they taunt national men in the South, as "submissionists" or worse than submissionists, as the Abolitionists taunt national men in the North as 'dough-faces' or worse than dough-

They have apparently struggled to bring about the formation of geographical parties, such as the Father of his country so emphatically warned us against, based upon questions immediately tending to split the Union asun-der; and they have seemingly done this for the petty purpose of securing a temporary The Union, in form at least party triumph. The Union, in form at least, we think, would survive the success of such a party for the present; but its triumph would probably keep the furnaces of sectional pas-sion red bot, and ultimately, and it may be at no distant day, its rash errors would engender a storm of sectional conflict beneath which

the common safety requires that the raging sectional heats of those parties should be cooled. The time has come when national, conservative men respecting the Constitution, true to their whole country and "indignantly frowning upon the first dawning of disunion, frowning upon the first dawning of disunion," abould at and shoulder to shoulder, and unite in placing at the head of the government a Chief Magistrate in whose capacity, honesty and patriotism all confide. The National American party have now presented such a man—one who has been tried and found faithful to every trust—who, being suddenly called upon to take the helm of government. at a time when the heavens were lurid with the angry tempest of 1849-'50, so successfully rode out that storm, so faithfully and gal-lantly secured the safety of the noble ship of State, as to win from an admiring people the most heartful plaudits. "Well done! thou good and faithful servant."

We point to another fearful cancer on the

body positie—the humiliating trouble now going on between the Democratic and Re-publican parties for the foreign vote and to the tremulous apprehensions expressed for the fate of the one or the other of those parties, as the uncertain movements of the Germans or Irish oscillate between them. We warn you that the fate of this great government may soon be equally dependent upon the unstable movements of those mighty masses, fresh from the monarchies of Europe. Large portions of our Union are already overflowing with a foreign population—a popula-tion such as has shown itself utterly incapable of sustaining Popular governments in the Old World. So immense is now the influx that we can scarcely be regarded as the same, or the descendants of the same people we were twenty years ago. Where, and in what, is this to end? Millard Fillmore alone of the candidates for the Presidency has refused to court this gigantic and growing element of power,-While he has no hostility to foreigners, he frankly warns his countrymen that it is safer for American born citizens to rule the destinies of America. Having witnessed their deplorable condition in their own fatherlands, he would share with them all the privileges and blessings of ours, save the single privilege of seizing the reins of government, and overturning the ear of State in which we are all passengers. We beseech you to see the dangers we have briefly glanced at, and to shun them, before it is too late forever!

We arge you to unite with us in the support of the patriot statesmen who has always fearlessly outspoken his sentiments—who has ever made the constitution his guiding starwho has risen from an apprentice boy to the Presidency, who, when President frowned upon disorganizers and radicals, North and South, and, with the aid of conservative Whigs and Democrats, bravely restored peace to a distracted country—who has just said, "If there be those either North or South who desire an administration for the North as against the South, or for the South as against the North, they are not the men who should

give their suffrages to me.

From the moment Mr. Fillmore was first placed in nomination, every effort was resorted to induce the country to believe, first, that he would not accept the nomination; second-ly, that he had no strength at the North, and could not carry a single Northern State, even his own; thirdly that he had no strength at the South, and could not carry a single Southern State; tourthly, that he was so Southern in his feelings and views, that the North ought not to support him, and would not; and, fifthly, that he was an Abolitionist and could not and ought not to be supported by

the South,
In regard to the charges against Mr. Fillmore which related to his views and opinions of public policy, his friends have deemed it best to permit them to be refuted, as they have been most amply and triumphantly, by

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED the record of his model admistration; by his own bold, frank, and man speeches, which the people have everywhe read with admi-ration and delight, and byis own pure, unsullied reputation and spoiss character. Of these the people themselves the means of forming an accurate judgent, and to that judgment both he and his lends have been at all times, and are now, ady to bow with respectful submission—thensk no appeal to

any other tribunal, But the arts and falsehols which have been resorted to by the twacctional parties of the country to weakentr. Fillmore, by inducing the belief that e was without strength elsewhere than inhe place where the falsehood was told, theprople have not been so well able to underand. They have heard these assertions geneally with surprise and incredulity, though therequency of their repetition, the confident toe in which they were asserted, the variety c forms in which they have been made to appar, and above all, the perfect concurrence of Lepublicans and Democrats in these misrepresentations, and the readiness with which to one sustained the other's fabrication, has made some im-pression upon the public #nd, or at least upon the minds of such a consult their fears rather than rely upon thegoodness of their

Upon the eve of our djournment, these and similar assertions are gain renewed, with a view no doubt of sowing the seeds of alienation and distrust between our friends in different sections of the Union, and these wicked and false statements are sent to the country by railroad, by elegraph, and by missionaries and emissaris, with a zeal and apparent confidence weather of a better Mr. Fillmore will be now withdrawn.

In addressing you now, we wish definitely to contradict these untrue reports, and correct as far as we can the false impression to which they have given rise, and thus to strip our enemies of their most favorite and nearly only remaining means of warfare.

None of these charges and instituations are

true. We speak to all sections of our common country in saying so. The friends of our candidates, both North and South, are standing firmly by their colors and by their men, and will do so unti the contest is decided in November. They do so both from choice and from duty. They choose it, because their men stand on the only traly national platform, as broad as the entire Union, and exactly co-extens ve with the constitu tion, recognising the rights of the States on the one hand, and of the Federal Government on the other, and holding each sovereignty within its proper sphere; and their duty requires that these geographical, these sectional parties both Republican and Democratic so called, shall be driven from the field. Whoever aids either, aids one section of a common

country against another.

We can say to our friends in all sections, that from henceforth until the election in November, they should work in good heart and spirits, that stories of lukewarmness and abandonment of our candidates must be based upon something in the future different from the past, to be true; that North and South the friends of our candidates are true as well tempered steel; and are working with more heart, zeal, and confidence as the canvass progresses. The hearts of true national men, North and South, beat in unison with each other; and their hands are being vigorously applied to a common labor, and for a commo esult; and there is not the least reason, in any section, for distrust of friends in any other. Let not the enemy reap any fruits from the insidious policy pursued by them. We say to you that it appears to us from this point of observation, that if all who in their hearts prefer Millard Fillmore for President shall yote for him, he will be triumphantly

We do not pretend to direct, govern, or the government would sink into ruins. We hands of the people at large. It is theirs; the argument-so little persuasion-so little however, are infinitely stronger amongst the people than among politicians who happen at this time to be in power, or struggling to acquire it. Let their friends be of good cheer. Let them do their duty, and they wil! be astonished at their great strength at the polls. Let each man go to work and confide in his friends elsewhere, and the victory is sure!— No cunningly devised stories induce them for one moment to think of taking sides between the candidates of those dangerous sectional organizations which are now struggling to concentrate the North against the South, or the South against the North. They should, and will, both be overthrown. The country requires repose and demands safety. The friends of Fillmore and Donelson are the riends of the Union. They have the power to elect them, and thus strengther the bonds of that friendship and confidence between the North and the South which in other days ad-

ded such power and glory to the Republic. Let us now pledge ourselves each to the other that every man will do his duty to our candidates and our cause, and you may rely upon it the country will be saved from the dangers that encompass it, and restored to the quiet and confidence which blessed it at the close of Mr. Fillmore's administration.

Wm. W. Valk, Humphrey Marshall, W. L. Underwood A. K. Marshall, S. G. Haven, F. K. Zollicoffer, Thomas Rivers. Henry Winter Davis, F. S. Edwards, W. H. Sneed, O. F. Moore, Samuel F. Swope, E. D. Cullen, Charles Ready, Henry M. Fuller, J. Scott Harrison, Geo. Eustis, Jr., W. A. Lake, J. Morrison Harris, N. G. Foster, Jas, J. Lindley, Jno. S. Carlile, R. C. Puryear, Jno. P. Campbell, Thomas R. Whitney, L. M. Cox. Jacob Broom, & M. Cox. Washington, August 18, 1856

The following is the letter of Mr. LAWRENCE, declining the Fillmore nomination in Massachusetts for Governor:

BROOKLINE, August 26, 1856. Gentlemen-The unanimity with which I was chosen at your late convention, to be a eandidate for the Executive office of this Commonwealth, would have obliged me to accept the nomination as a proof of my sincerity in supporting the principles which form the basis of the American party, and of my confidence in and adherence to Mr. Fillnore. This opinion I stated to some of the gentleman of your Committee. But circum-stances have since arisen which develope obligations previously made, more urgent and more important to those whom they con-cern, and inconsistent with a faithful performance of the duties of any public office

Thanking you for the expression of confidence so unexpected, I respectfully decline the nomination, and remain faithfully yours, AMOS A. LAWRENCE.

To Messrs, Warren, Ingraham, Stetson, and other gentlemen of the Committee.

BUCHANAN'S PARTY AT THE NORTH .- A let ter from Troy, New York, contains the fol-

lowing paragraph: There was a Buchanan mass meeting Troy last evening. Gov. Seymour was the principal speaker. No one present but Irishmen. In fact there is no Democratic party at the North, out of Pennsylvania, but

LOOK OUT .- The Newnen Banner says that counterfeit "Fifties" of the Bank of the State of Georgia, are circulating in Coweta and Heard counties, Georgia and Randolph county, Ala. They are said to be well executed, and those who handle large piles,

For the Post. THE DISCUSSION AT SWEETWATER. SWEETWATER Tenn., Sept. 8, 1856.

Mr. Editor :- There being a political con

test between the parties of the day, the

Americans all through this region are singing that good old song, "Victory." Hope and cheerfulness rest upon every American's brow. We can hear them erying victory, victory o'er Democracy, from almost every quarter. Aside from the many recent victo ries of our speakers, they obtained another glorious one at this place on the evening of the 6th. According to appointment, John L. Hopkins was to have spoken at this place about Mr. Fillmore's "chances," and in defense of modern Democracy. Mr. Hopkins, I learn, could not be here but had the appoint-ment filled by Mr. Swap, of Knoxville. The ment filled by Mr. Swan, of Knoxville. The day being very wet, the audience was small, numbering about one hundred souls. We assembled in a second story of a new building. At 1 o'clock Mr. Swan led off for the glorious purpose of consoling and edifying his once cursed but now reconciled enemies, and well he might, for, in the name of old Buck, they are in need of consolation and edification .-Why, sir, the faces of Democrats are growing long. The news of the last two weeks from tol, England, having two faces, looking the various parts of our Union have wrought opposite ways from each other. It ought to be called "Kansas Bill," or "Cincinnati a material change in their countenances; and, in fact, nothing else than fear and confusion have been depicted upon their foreheads since the name of Millard Fillmore has head ed our ticket. Mr. Swan commenced by saying he was unexpectedly there, without any documentary evidence to prove any assertions which he might make, and that he was not posted. In these remarks we all acquiesced, he soon giving us convincing demonstrations of their correctness. But why is he not posted? Has he not been publicly defending Old Ten Cent Jimmy!-Old Federal Buck!-during this canvass, and yet he says he is not posted. He assigned as his reasons for supporting Buck-First, He believes, as all Democrats pretend to believe, that old Buck is the stronger man-he would not under any consideration be found fighting on the weaker side. What a pusillanimous spirit! How little of the true man! Desert a man because be is weak! How mean-how contemptible. Secondly, He could not vote for Fillmore so long as the name of Donelson, a Democrat, is associated with him-prefers going the whole swine. Said he found no fault with Fillmore-that his administration had met his approbation-believes in case he is elected he will make a conservative President, a thing any blind man can see after it has been so clearly demonstrated in his past history. Now, in the name of common sense, are his reasons sufficient to justify any Whig or Democrat in voting against Fillmore!-How can Swan and others, with these poor arguments, turn clear over to the support of a platform which they have ever zealously endeavored to tear down. Democracy has ceased any longer to make war upon our platform. Not one of her speakers has yet dared debate the principles of the two platforms, section by section, with our speakers. They have almost ceased to circulate that infamous lie, that Fillmore is an abolitionist. Key and their best speakers do not, nor will they stoop so low as to charge it upon him. Is there not something ugly in the case! to see men shutting their eyes and going it blind. control the movement in favor of the Ameri. Never have I heard from a man of Mr. Swan's can cause. That is a matter solely in the capacities, so weak, so poor an effort-so litn defense of Democracy. In truth, it was by far the poorest thing that I have heard during the canvass. Hopkins will do well to fill his own appointments so far as he can.

He is by far the better speaker. The Democrats looked whipped and griev d. And why! Because, when Swan was through-had said all that he could say-R. B. Brabson, who had expected to meet with Mr. Hopkins, arose and to the utter confusion of the old Swan and all the little Swans, for an hour and a half did he speak in defense of the Union, the American party, and Fillmore He picked up the platforms of both parties, analyzed and expounded them-a thing which Democracy has not yet done, nor dare do. Mr. Swan assailed not a principle in the American platform, nor did he attempt to defend one in that of the Democratic. Is it not a little strange that in this the 'honey ugling" season of Democracy, we never hear t raise its voice against a principle embodied in our platform. Brabson filled our most sanguine expectations-wholly unfledged

Swan, leaving him in such an embarrassed condition we could but pity him. He was not only picked naked, but Democracy was skinned and its bare bones left sticking out, and we viewed with disgust its many deformities.

Each made a reply of 30 minutes. Swan still made no defense of his platform, but left it in the torn up condition in which Brabson caused him to see it. He produced no pew argument in his reply, but reverted to the former secreey of the American order, and there he dwelt long and lond-bore down upon it with all the emphasis he could, but still it was dry. Brabson's reply was animated. He proved old Buck to be the traducer of Henry Clay, and read the letters of pid Buck's supporters denouncing Andrew Jackson as a mean coward and liar, for no other purpose than to clear Buck of his un-

allowed conduct. The meeting went off to our liking-the Americans wearing cheerful faces, while the Democrats looked smartly blue. We are getting in earnest here, have lately formed a Fillmore and Donelson Club at this place .-Fillmore stock appears to be rapidly advancng everywhere. I think, without a doubt, we will make a handsome guin in this county, notwithstanding Democracy pretends to think to the contrary. But what is it they don't think! It is their privilege to brag and let

them enjoy it. W. C. J. IMPORTANT MOVEMENT AMONG THE LU-THERASS.—The Hamburg News, in a letter from Berlin of the 4th, gives the following

piece of intelligence:
"Some of the minutes of the general conference of the Lutheran communities which ook place in May last have just been pubished It appears that the conference was of opinion that surjeular confessions should be re-established, and that the clergy should be invested with the power of pronouncing excommunication."

The main trunk of the South Carona railroad, 135 miles in length, "has been in operation 23 years, and all that time not a single passenger has lost his life.

Dr. C. M. Johnson, of Buchsnan's wn county, of Lancaster, for twenty years one of the most prominent Demograts of Pennsylvania, bolts the Cincinnati platform and its candidates, and goes for Framont.

A SINGULAR FACT .- All the sword blades made for the English army are the work, it is stated, of four men three of whom are brothers. There is a secret in the mode manufacture known only by those four, and which they jealously guard. They select their own assistants, and have the right to discharge them at pleasure, when they do not like them. One of the brothers at Enfield makes eighteen blades per day each and receives 2s 3d. His average earnings

weekly amount to fify dollars. CAN A JUROR BE ARRESTED .- In the Supreme Court, New York, on Thursday, Justice Davies presiding, a decision was given as to the right to arrest a juror. A juror in the pannel of the Supreme Circuit Court, it appears, was arrested by the Sheriff in a civil ase. He was then taken on habeas corpus ring the existence of the pannel on which he

Young Men, are you doing your duty in this contest? If not go to work!—Canden

Democrat.

Who in thunder's going to work for 10 cents a day, while butter's 20 cents per pound?—Hollidaysburg Register.

A living child has been born in Bris-Pintform."

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

At a called meeting of McMinn Lodge, No. 54, I. O. O. F., held in Odd Fellows Lodge Room, Athens, on the 3d Sept. instant, the following preamble and resolutions were

unanimously adopted:
WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God, on the 2d day of September, A. D. 1856, to remove from our midst our highly esteemed and well beloved brother, Pullir H. KEITH; and while it is a painful duty it is no less a solemn pleasure for us, as members of the Lodge of which he was a member while living, to add our testimonial to the virtues of our deceased brother. It was the fortune of the members of this Lodge, or the most of them, to know him from his youth, and in all those more intimate and tender relations which bound him to his friends, his kindred, and his relatives, he was all that friendship could sk, or affection claim or humanity and kindness enjoin-therefore,

Resolved, That in the death of brother Keith this Lodge has lost one of its most valnable members; the Order a consistent and cealous advocate; the father, and brothers, and sisters, a devoted son, and kind and af-fectionate brother, to whom we tender our

Resolved That from respect to our late prother, a blank sheet of the Record of this Lodge be dedicated to his memory, and the Lodge Room, together with the Regalia, be shrouded with black; and as a further testi mony of respect to the memory of the deto mourning, by wearing the usual badge

for thirty days.

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Lodge be directed to furnish the father and relatives of the deceased with a copy of these proceedings; that they be spread upon the Records of the Lodge, and a copy furnished the editor of the l'ost, and request that he

publish the same.
P. L. GAMBLE, Secretary. COMMON SCHOOL FUNDS.

The following amounts are due the respectve Townships of McMinn county, on account of State appropriation and interest on sale

of scho	ol lan	ds, for	the	year 185	6, to wit:	
6th tov	vnship	, range	1st,	West,	\$295	16
5th	**	**	1et,		655	28
5th	44	44	lat,	East,	436	79
4th	-66		1st,	11	565	48
2d	**	44	24,	West,	299	33
3d	**	**	24,		548	19
4th	**	100	Ist.		765	10
3d	46.10	345	1st,		289	93
1st fr.	40.		1st,	East,	280	02
4th "	46	2.00	2d.	West,	464	55
5th "	44	a.	31,	**	55	57
4th #	*	34	3d,		220	01

The above amounts will be paid upon the order of the Commissioners of the respective B. WELLS, Trustee, Townships. Sept 10, 1856 By J. F. SLOVER.

On the 9th inst., by Rev. Mr. Philips, T. E. S. Russ worst, Esq., of Cleveland, to Miss Floarson L. Wernons of Wetmore, Polk county.

[Accompanying the above was a very handsom printer's fee, which was duly appreciated and for which the happy couple will accept our most hearty thanks.]

Married.

Died,

At his residence in Bradley county, on the evening of the 2d inot., of crysipelas, Sanuel Weir, Esq., in the 51st year of his age.

Mr. Weir had never made a profession of religion, nor connected himself with any branch of the Church. His friends conversed with him in regard to his future prospects, and he said to Mr. John Shields about one hour before he breathed his fast; "I am willing to go; meet me in heaven." On being asked by Mr. Shields when he experienced this change or willingness to die, he said "about two o'clock last night." He told Mrs. Weir the same, and called up his family and addressed thum, one by one, upon the subject of religion—telling them how to live, and exherting them to meet him in heaven. Thus has passed away from our midst a good citizen, a kind husband, a fond and indulgent father and a lenient master.

COMMERCIAL.

ATLANTA, Sept 9.

Bacon, hog round 10 1/2 10 1/2; sides, clear 11 1/2 12; ribbed 11 1/2; hams 9 1/2 11/3; shoulders 8 1/2 12.

Moderate demand. Burr, on foot, 8 1/2 4. Flour, superfine, per hundred Ds, in sacks and bbis, \$1.75; extra \$4r What, red, including sacks, \$1.25. Cons 7/2 from store.

FIVE CENTS REWARD. AN AWAY from the subscriber, living in McMinn county, in July last, a bound boy by the name of John Shelto-, aged about 18 years. All persons are cautioned against harboring said boy.

Sept 12, 1856-3t-416 JNO. GREGORY.

Notice. NOTICE is hereby given that Land Warrant No. 24,073, for 50 acres, issued under the Act of 2d March, 1805, to John Essuan, pfivate in Capt. Dodson's Company Tennessee Volunteers, Gherokee removal, 1837, has failed to come to hand, and has been lost by some means unknown to the warrantee. All persons are hereby forewarned from trading in any way for said warrant—no one having any authority to transfer or convey the same. All persons are hereby notified that I intend filing in the General Land Office a career, asking said warrant to be cameelled and a doulients to

Notice.

NOLICE.

In compliance with regulations approved by the Department of the Interior, I would notify the public that Bounty Land Warrant No. 7,615, for 80 acres, issued under Act of 1855, in the name of David Robertson, for services in Captain Caldwell's Company of Millia in the Florida war, having been received and assigned in blank, has been lost or stolen from the mail and it is supposed that the mail between Washington and Chattanooga was robbed about the time said Warrant was transmitted. A caveat has been entered in the General Land Office to prevent the issuing of a patent to a fraudulent claimant. All persons are hereby warned against purchasing said lost Warrant, as I shall apply to the Commissioner of Feanions for a duplicate.

By NIS ART's, JOSEPH ANDERSON.

Washington, Tenu., Sept 5, 1856-61-415

CALHOUN AND CHARLESTON Masonio Institute

Commencing Monday, September 15th.

Commencing Monday, September 15th.

THIS School, conduced by Riwassee Lodge, opens as per date above, with Mr. H. B. Herwood as Principal Teacher, under whose management it has deservedly stood so high. The course of atudy embraces all the branches of the Mathematics and Classics fixed as the standard of a thorough Academical ways and the standard of a thorough Academical ways a standard of the standard of education, while a more extensive course will taught to those who wish to pursue it. Terms a rates of tuition as heretofore. Board may be obta Calhoun, Sept. 5-2m-415

DRIED PRUIT, -I wish to buy a large lot of bried Fruit. I will pay the highest market price in cash for Dried Peaches, pealed and unpealed, and bried Apples, peeled. [sep5] J. M. HENDERSON.

GEORGIA LOTTERY! [Authorized by the State of Georgia.] Fort Gaines Academy Lottery

CLASS 12,

To be drawn in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, in public
on Saturday, September 27, 1856, on the

Havana Plan! Purchasers in buying one odd number and one even number whole Ticket are guaranteed to draw \$8.— Halves and Quarter Tickets in proportion, with chances of obtaining the larger Prizes, which are a bundred per tent, better for the purchaser than any other Lottery in existence. SAM'L SWAN & CO., Managers.

\$204,000!

Prizes amounting to

Will be distributed according to the following Brilliant Scheme! 30,000 Numbers-15,185 Prizes! 30,000 Numbers 13,185 Frizes;
1 Prize of \$40,000 is \$40,
1 do 10,000 is 10,
1 do 10,000 is 10,
1 do 5,000 is 5,
1 do 2,000 is 2,
1 do 1,000 is 1,
1 do 1,000 is 1,
1 do 2,000 is 2,
4 do 1,000 is 1,
4 do 2,000 is 1,
4 do 1,000 is 1,
4 do 1,000 is 1,
4 do 1,000 is 1,
4 do 200 Approximating to \$40,000 Prize,
4 do 100 Approximating to \$40,000 Prize,
4 do 100 Approximating to 10,000 Prize, 4 do \$200 Approximating to \$40,000 Prize. S00
4 do 100 Approximating to 10,000 Prize. 400
4 do 75 Approximating to 10,000 Prize. 300
4 do 60 Approximating to 5,000 Prize. 240
4 do 50 Approximating to 2,000 Prize. 200
4 do 40 Approximating to 1,000 Prize. 160
5 do 25 Approximating to 1,000 Prize. 160
6 do 20 Approximating to 1000 Prizes 100
15,000 do 8 are. 120,000
15,185 Prizes, amounting to \$200 Prizes 200
Week Ticket \$10. Halors 5- Quarters 2M

Whole Tickets \$10-Halves 5-Quarters 2%. Plan of the Lottery.

Pinn of the Lottery.

There are 30,000 Tickets numbered from 1 to 30,000 There are 15,155 Prizes amounting to \$204,000.
The drawing takes place in public under the superintendence of two sworn Commissioners.

The numbers from 1 to 30,000, corresponding with those numbers from 1 to 30,000, corresponding with those numbers from the Tickets, printed on separate slips of paper, are encircled within small tin tubes, and placed in one wheel. The first 117 Prizes, similarly printed and encircled, are placed in another wheel.—The wheels are then revolved, and a number is drawn from the wheel of numbers, and at the same time a Prize is drawn from the other wheel. The number and Prize drawn out are opened and exhibited to the audience, and registered by the Coramissioners, the Prize being placed against the number drawn. This operation is repeated until all the Prizes are drawn out.

Approximation Filius.—The two preceding and the two succeeding numbers to those drawing the life first 117 Prizes will be entitled to the 65 Approximation Prizes, according to the Scheme.

The 15,000 Prizes of \$8 are determined by the number which draws the \$40,000—If that number should be an odd number, then every even number ticket in the Scheme will be entitled to \$5; if an even number, then every even number ticket in the Scheme will be entitled to \$5; if an even number, then every even number ticket in the Scheme will be entitled to \$5; in addition to any other Prize which the ticket may draw.

All those tickets ending with 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, are even—

to \$5, in addition to any other Prize which the ticket may draw.

All those tickets ending with 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, are even—all those ending with 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, are odd.

**To Remember that every Prize is drawn, and payable in full without deduction.

**All Prizes of \$1,000 and under paid immediately after the drawing—other prizes at the usual time of thirty days.

All communications strictly confidential. The drawn numbers will be forwarded to the purchasers immediately after the drawing.

**Prize Tickets cashed or renewed in other tickets at either Office.

Great Inducements to Clubs.

Great Inducements to Clubs.

As one-half of the Tickets in the above Scheme (Georgia Lotter, Class 19), are guaranteed to draw 83, we will sell Certificates of Packages of 10 Tickets (odd and even numbers) at the following rates, which is the risk on the same. All that the 10 Tickets (which are those decided by the number drawing the Capital.) draw over the amount guaranteed accrues to the purchaser.

Gertificate of Package of 10 Whole Tickets. \$60 in 10 Half \$10 Hal

portin.

Persons, in ordering Tickets, will please write their signatures plain, and give their Post Office, county and State.

Address orders for Ticketa or Certificates of Packages of Tickets either to S. SWAN & CO., Atlanta, Ga.

June 6-td-402 or S. SWAN, Montgomery, Ala. \$5.00 Reward.

THE subscriber lost or had stolen from him, on the night of the 3d inst., his POCKET BOOK, containing beaween \$75 and \$80 in money. Among the mensus was two \$20 South Carolina bills—the balance not remembered. He will give the above reward for the recovery of the Pocket Book and money.

Athens, Sept 5-3t-415 WM. H. HOWARD.

G. B. THOMPSON & CO., Cleveland, Tenn., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, DYE WOODS & DYE STUFFS. Oils, Paints and Painters' Articles, Varnishes, Window Glass and Put-ty, Glassware, Perfumery, &c.

Fine Soaps, Fine Hate ASO,
Brushes, Surgical and Doutal Instruments, Pure
Wines and Brandles for Medical Purposes,
Fancy Arthres, &c., &c.
WITH ALL THE PATRICT OF PROPRIETARY MEDICINES OF THE DAY.

E make our purchases for eash, and offer goods equally as low as they can be obtained from any similar establishment in this section, and warranted to be fresh, pure and ganuine. Orders promptly filled, and satisfaction guarantied, with regard both to price and quality. orice and quality.

Physicians' Prescriptions attended to at all hours
of the day and night.

Sept 5-1y-415

Robertson, Hudson & Pulliam, DRY GOODERS OF

No. 29 Marray and 33 Watron streets,

Corner of Church street,

Aug 29-1y-414

New York.

Pocket Book Stolen.

THE Pocket Book of the subscriber was stolen from his pocket, ic. Athens, on Wednessiay night, 18th inst. It contained one \$5 bill Union Rank of Tennessee, partly worn; \$4 in smaller bills; one note of hand for \$12 on George W. Norville, dae 1st day of January, 1851, and one note on Wm. W. Reard, for \$5,30, given in the present month and payable one day after date. The public are cantioned against trading for said notes. McMinn co., Aug. 22-31

Dry Goods. THE undersigned are now receiving, and will have ready for exhibition by the 20th inst., the largest and best assorted stock of American. English. French. German and Swiss Fancy Goods,

they have ever had the pleasure to show to the retail merchant. They have spared no pains nor expense in getting up a stock from which all classes of customers can select their assortments. They have made large investments this season in FINE GOODS than they have ever done before, and respectfully solicit an exhamination of their stock from the retailer, when visiting the city—believing that with the early large assortment and lose prices, they will be able to offer inductment and lose prices, they will be able to offer inductments to all.

Not Doblic Source. nents to all. MORGAN & CO., Nashville, Aug 22, 1856 No. 49 Public Square. PIANO FORTES.

PHE subscriber is now receiving a new se-lection of SPLENDID PIANOS from the oldest manufactories, HAVING ALL THE NEW IMPROVEMENTS, and selected with great care from more than a thousand instru-ments—among which are the new Corrugated Sounding Boards, of Boardman, Gray & Co., which are receiving so much favor both in America and Europe. This valuable improve-ment adds one half more space to the Sounding Board, thereby largely increasing its power ducing a greater volume of tone, together producing a greater volume of tone, together with a peculiar distinctiveness and independ ence of the notes, and nearly equaling the Grand Piano. All Pianos warranted.

Also, receiving a large selection of Music—Songs, Polkas, Waltzes, Variations, &c., &c.; Guitars and Strings; superior Melodians and Harmoniums; Piano Stools and Covers, Pianos tuned and repaired.

The subscriber refers to the following gentlemen who have purchased of him, and who

tlemen who have purchased of him, and who can testify as to the excellence of these in

etroments: Col. W. S. Callaway, Riceville, Tenn. Hon. J. C. Gaut, Cleveland, Dr. Harrison, Loudon, Maj. L. R. Hurst, Mouse Creek, " Dr. R. Hurley, Loudon,
Col. R. B. Bratison, Chattanooga,
J. Burt, Esq., Knoxville,
Dr. R. H. Hodsden, Sevierville, Dr. R. H. Hodsden, Sevierville,

J. F. Rowen, Esq., Mosroe county,

T. J. Campbell, Esq., Cleveland,

W. C. Melan, Esq., London,

Wm. Beale, Esq., Murphy, N. C.

Hon, H. W. Massengale, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Col. D. A. Tibbs, Concord,

Benjamin Chandler, Esq., Chattanooga,

Mai J. Men. Readley county Maj. J. Mee. Bradley county.

T. K. Warnaoutt, Esq., Chattanooga, "
And also to many in Georgia and Alabama,
nd also to Schools in those States. Aug. 8. H. G. COOKE.

Fair Warning. No heed, or other instrument of writing, for Beg tration, will be attended to unless the fees acce-pany the instrument. CORNELIUS BROWN.

Some men whom you trust and ask for your pay, Their friendship you love, and that right away. Such have I trusted, and that to my sorrow— So pay me to day and I'll trust you to-morrow.

BAKER, WRIGHT & CO., Wholesale Grocers

HARDEMAN & GRIFFIN. Groceries, Protistons. Staplo Dry Goods, Flour, Bucon, Liguers, Wines, Tiblucco, Cigars, de., Corner of Churry and Third streets, Aug 29-45-414 MACON, GEORGIA.

WILCOX, HAND & ANSLEY.

D. H. ANSLEY, 5

D. H. ANSLEY, 5

To bags Rio and Laguira Coffee;
Do lidds. Ports Rice and New Orleans Sugar;
ROO bbis. A. B. and C. Clarified do;
100 "Crushed de;
25 packages Loaf do;
100 bbis. choke Syrup;
1500 kegs Nalls, assorted sizes;
800 boxes Adamantine and Sperm Candles;
800 boxes Soap and Starch;
100 kegs Solfa;
800 boxes Tobacco, all grades; 100,000 Cigars;
800 coils Bed Cord and Flow Lines;
For sale low by WILCOX, HAND & ANSLEY,
Aug 29-1y-414 Augusta, Ga.

Alex. M. Wallace, General Commission Merchant. DEALER IN PRODUCE, Atlanta, Georgia,

Atlanta, Georgia,

Luci, Flour, Whiskey, Tobucco, &c., &c.

Nov 9-1y-372 JOHNSON, HORNE & CO., Corner of Bread and Market streets.

Nashville, Tenn.,

IL give prompt attention to receiving, storing, purchasing, selling or aldipping Cutton. Tobacco, Wheat, Corn. Flour and Bacon, and will also devote especial attention to receiving, storing and forwarding metchandise of every description.

Our facilities in point of robin and convenience are equal to any in the city.

Aug S-13-411

Groceries.

Errocorios.

W E are prepared to furnish plantation supplies of every kind, and would invite the attention of merchants and others to our steek, which will at all times be complete, and consists in part, at present, of the following articles:

500 hinds Sugar;

500 bags Coffee;

1000 bags Salt;

500 barrels Salt;

500 barrels Whiskey;

100 pieces Bagging;

900 "48 inch Bagging;

900 colls Rope; togethe with all other articles usually kept in such establish ments.

JOHNSON, HORNE & CO.,

Aug S-1f Cor. Broad and Market sts., Nashville.

WHEAT AND HACON.—We desire to pay the highest market value in cash.

JOHNSON, HORNE & CO.,

Aug 8-tf cor, Broad and Market sis., Nashville Wrs. Cooke's School,

For Young Ladies.

THE Fall and Winter Sessing of Mrs. Cooke's School
will open on Monday, the 1st of September next.

Terms as heretofore. [Athens, Aug 8-tf DR. J. L. SENTER,

AVING located in Athens, tenders his profession al services to the public. Office one door North the State Bank. [Athens, Tenn., Aug 1, 1856-41-416 University of Nashville.

Medical Department. Medical Department.

THE Sixth Annual Course of Lectures in this Institution will commence on Monday, the 3d of November. A full preliminary course, free to all students, will be given by the Professors, commencing on the first Monday of October.

Professors Fees \$105, Matriculation Fee \$5. Practical Anatomy \$10. Graduation Fee \$25. For Catalogue and Announcement apply to PAUL F. EVE. M. D., Dean of Faculty.

Undergraduate Department.

(Western Military In stitute.)

THE next Session of this College will open on Moday, Sept. 8th. The Chissical Course is full a every facility is afforded to Students in Selent Branches. A Preparatory School is attached embrace a course of two years. The Military system is adopt as an effectual means of preserving good order, econy, resultar bables, and active bodily exercise. Chart my, regular babits, and active bodity exercise. Charges for Tuition and Boarding \$400 per term of 20 weeks.—
Surgeon's Fee \$5. Engineering, French, Spanish German, Drawisz, Book Keeping and Fencing, each \$10 per term of 20 weeks.

The last session of the Medical College closed with 239 Matriculants and 55 Graduates, from 18 States.—
The Military College closed its first year in Nashville, with 154 Matriculants from 14 States. For Catalogue and Regulations apply to

Nashville, Aug. 1, 1856-3ms
Superintendent.

Athens Foundry. AVING engaged the services of Mr. F. M. Kitaone, who is authorized to receive orders and transact all business appertaining to the Foundry, any person wanting information in regard to Machinery, &c., will be attended to by calling at the Foundry.

Athens, July 11, 1850-16-407 C. ZIMMERMAN.

Notice to Shippers of Freight. TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT E. TENN. & GA. R. R. Co.
Athens, Sept. 28, 1855.

**AHIS Company will deliver any Freigils received in to their Depots, in a reasonable time, at the terminus of their Road at Dalton to the owners or their agents (not ours.) they paying charges as per tariff and receiving the freights on day of arrival at Dalton. This receiving the freights on day of arrival at balton. This Company does not propose either to store freights or deliver to the Western & Atlantic Rail Road, unless the owners have made arrangements with said Road to receive the same. Cars campte be detained beyond a few hours for transhipment or storage.

In making shipments—as above every facility in the power of the officers of the Company will be extended to shippers. Beyond the end of their rails they have no control and assume no responsibility.

Feb I-tf R. C. JACKSON, Sup't Transportation.

STRAW CUTTERS, -Daniel's nelebrated Straw Gutters, which we recommend to the farmers is the Cutting Box; also, the Double and Single Corn heller—Armsby's Catent—received and for sale by Aug 8.

J. M. HENDERSON.

16,000 CIGARS.—Labelias, Ugues, quetars, LaDulce Pina, &c., just received by may 2 A. CLEAGE & CO.

CONFECTIONARIES of all kinds, including C. Rardines, Pickels, Cheese, Jujube Drops, Cordials, Gum Drops, Fanny Candies, Frünes, Figs, Ainonds, Filberts, English Walnuts, Falm Nuts, Cocon Nuts, &c. may 2 A. CLEAGE & CO.

Pilberts, English Walouts, Palm Nuis, Cocca Nuis, &c.

A. CLEAGE, & CO.

READY-Vinde Clothing.—A large stock
by of good and cheap, for salectat the Cheap Store,
by April 11 W. G. HOLTON & CO.

JUST RECEIVED—Dr. Parker's Pain Panacea, Stark's Indian Fever and Agne Remedy,
an external application infallible; Macanta and Scotch
Soulf: Hay's Liniment; Arabian, Liniment; Steel and
Gilt Pens; Putty and Window Glass—and for sale by
march 14 WM. EURNS.

RAGS! Rags I-We will pay Goods for all the
Nov 2 W. G. HORTON & CO. PAINTS and Dyc-Stuffs, French Zinc White in Oil Chrome Green, Red, and Yellow, in Oil and dry: White Lead, dry; Venesian Red; Indigo, Madder; Spanish Brown, &c., for sale by Oct 5 GEO. W. ROSS.

Sherry, Port, Malaga and Claret Wines, and some ing Jamaica Rum—all smelly for maintail purposes.

Capital Prize \$50,000! ALABAMA LOTTERY!

[Authorized by the State of Alebama.] SOUTHERN Military Academy Lottery

To be drawn in the city of Menigomery, Alabama, in public, on Friday, September 12, 1856, on the Havana Plan! SAMUKL SWAN, Manager, \$200,000!

.Magnificent Scheme!

1,000 Prizes amounting to \$200,000

Whole Tickets, \$10-Halors, \$5 - Quarters, \$19:

PLAN OF THE LOTTERY.

The numbers from 1 to 50,000, corresponding with those numbers on the Tickets, printed on separate slips of paper, are encircled with small tin tubes, and placed in one wheel.

The first 200 Prires, similarly printed and encircled, are placed in another wheel.

The wheels are then revolved, and a number is drawn from the wheel of numbers, and at the same time a Prine is drawn from the other wheel. The number and Prire drawn out are opened and exhibited to the andience, and registered by the Commissioner, the Prine being placed against the number drawn. This operation is repeated until all the Prines gas drawn out.

Arrangements fauths—The two preceding and that two succeeding numbers to those drawing the first 200 Prides will be entitled to the 500 Approximation Prizes, according to the Scheme.

The Managers, determined that their Lotteries shall excel all others, offer to the public the above scheme, which, for the brilliancy of its Capitals, and the chainces of obtaining Prizes, has never been equaled.

28 Remember that every prize is drawn, and payable in full without deduction.

29 All Prizes of \$1,000 and under, paid immediately after the drawing—other Prizes at the usual time of thirty days.

All communications strictly confidential. The drawn numbers will be forwarded to purchasers immediately

numbers will be forwarded to purchasers immediately after the drawing. Griders for Tickets should be sent in early. Prize Tickets cashed or renewed in other Tickets at

oither office.
Orders for Tickets can be addressed either to
S. SWAN & CO., Atlanta, Ga.
June 6-td-402 or S. SWAN, Montgomery, Alac

910 Acres of Land for Sale. Stephen C. Winton, et als,

John F. Winton, et als. Petition to Sell Land. 1
A GREEABLY to an interlocutory decree, rendered at the August term, 1856, of the Circuit Court of Meigs county, Tennessee, I will, on Saturday, the 18th day of October next, go upon the premises described in said decree as the Homestead, and expose to sale at public outery, to the highest bidder, the following described Lands, belonging to the estate of Stephen Winton, dee'd, viz: 180 neres, being the South west quarter of sec-tion 1st. Also, 160 acres, being the South-east quarter of said section. Also, two 1 acre parcels, more or less, adjoining the lands above described, and known as the Home above described, and known as the Home place. Also, 240 acres, being part of the 35th section, known as the John Rhea place. Also, 240 acres being part of the 26th section, and also known as the Rhea farm. Also, 21 acres, a portion of the 24th section, and also 17 acres, being a part of the section last afore-said, which constitute a separate farm, known as the James Winton farm—all of which said Lands lie in the counties of Reane and Meigs, in the 2d fractional township, 2d range, ex-cept the two quarters first above described, which are in the 3d fractional township, and 2d range, and the last two parcels, which are in the 1st fractional township and 2d range-ull West of the meridian, Hiwassee District. The said Lands will be sold on one,

District. The said Lands will be sold on one, two and three years credit, with interest, except the sum of \$200, which must be jaid down on the Jay of sale. Bond and approved sacurity will be required and a lien retained for the unpaid purchase money, or purchasers may pry down if they choose. A more complete description can be had on the day of sale. Said sale to commence about 10 o'clock A. M.

W. L. McKINLEY, Clerk. Sept 5, 1856-td-pr's fee \$7-415 Chancery Court, Decatur, Tennessee,

Pleasant Doughty and others, James Armstead Doughty and others.

I being suggested in the bill that the defendants, James Armstead Doughty and Margaret Jester are non-residents, it is ordered that publication be made in the Athens dered that publication be made in the Athens Post for four successive weeks, requiring them to appear at the next term of the Chancary Court at Decatur, Tennessee, on the fourth Monday in October, 1856, and plead, answer or demur to said bill, or judgment will be entered against them by default.

G. W. McKENZIE, C. & M.

Sept 5, 1856-4t-pre fee \$8-415 MARBLE WORKS. Newly opened at Reduced Prices on Eastanalloe Creek.

Straw Cutters, which we recommend to the farmers as the Cutting Box; also, the Double and Single Gorn Sheller Armsby's Patent—received and for sale by Ang S.

DLOWS! Plows!—I am now prepared to furness the Property of the Property of the Property of the Cutting Box; also, the Double and Single Gorn Sheller Armsby's Patent—received and for sale by Ang S.

DLOWS! Plows!—I am now prepared to furness the Property of the Property o

Notice.

OFFICE EAST TENS. & GA. RAIL ROAD Co. 7 Athens, June 26, 1856.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after the first day of July next, no charge will be made, or compensation received for the transportation of specie or bank bills in the hands of owners or their agents in passing over this road, nor will this company be so. countable for any loss or damage that may occur in the transportation of specie or bank bills, nor will this company or their agents receive for transportation or otherwise take in charge any specie or bank bills either for transportation or in trust for safe keeping and delivery. R. C. JACKSON,
Superintendent Transportation

July 4-1y

Wool Carding Machine. THE subscribers, Administrators, offer for alle the Carding Machine belonging to the estate of Mordena Rucker, deceased, Me-Minu county, H. H. BURK, JAMES R. WITT, Adm's. Aug 29, 1856-81*-414